# SCHOEN CONSULTING

**The Azrieli Foundation** in partnership with the **Conference on Jewish Material Claims Against Germany (Claims Conference)** commissioned **Schoen Consulting** to conduct a comprehensive national study of Holocaust knowledge and awareness in Canada. Schoen Consulting conducted 1,100 interviews with Canadian adults aged 18 and over between September 1 – 9, 2018. The margin of error for all respondents is +/- 3%.

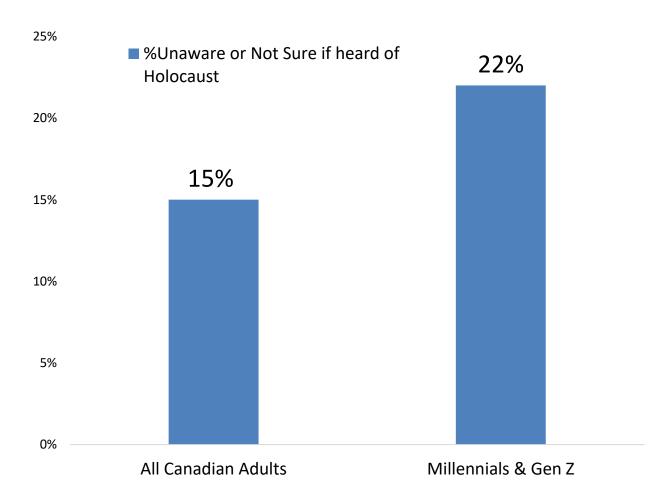
#### **Executive Summary**

- While the findings from the survey are largely positive, our polling sheds light on some <u>critical gaps in general Holocaust awareness and detailed Holocaust</u> <u>knowledge</u>, specifically among <u>Millennials and Gen Z (aged 18-34)</u>, when it comes to:
  - Knowledge of how many Jews were murdered during the Holocaust;
  - Ability to name one of the 40,000 camps or ghettos;
  - o Comprehensive understanding of where the Holocaust occurred; and
  - Familiarity with key Holocaust figures.
- Moreover, findings show a substantial <u>lack of personal connections to the</u>
   <u>Holocaust</u> as most Canadians have <u>never visited a Holocaust museum, nor do</u>
   <u>they know someone else who has, and they don't know or know of a survivor</u>.
- Additionally, we see a <u>clear correlation</u> between <u>awareness/knowledge about</u>
   <u>the Holocaust and likelihood to reject neo-Nazism/antisemitism</u> underscoring the importance of Holocaust education.
- Interestingly, few Canadians believe there are many <u>neo-Nazis in Canada today</u>,
   while nearly half think there are many in the United States.
- There is a <u>broad consensus about the importance of Holocaust education</u>
   <u>among Canadians overall</u>, and among Millennials and Gen Z, and there is a desire to <u>improve the quality of education currently being offered</u> across all age cohorts.

### **General Holocaust Awareness**

- The Holocaust Knowledge and Awareness Study found that gaps in general
   Holocaust awareness exist in Canada today.
- 15 percent of Canadian adults and <u>over one-fifth of Millennials and Gen Z</u>
  (22%) <u>haven't heard</u> or <u>are not sure if they have heard of the Holocaust</u>.

Chart 1. Holocaust Awareness
Showing % of all Canadian Adults & Millennials and Gen
Z who are not sure if they have heard of the Holocaust

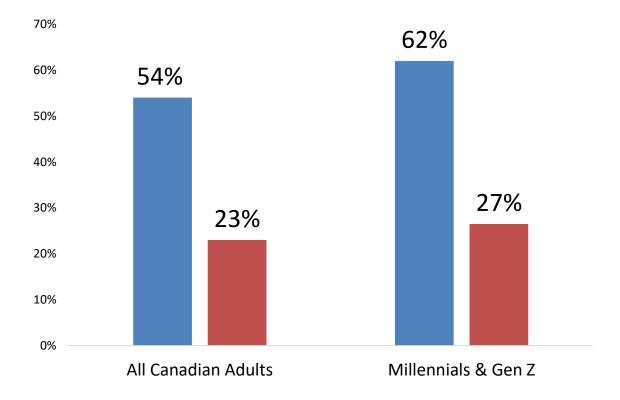


### **Detailed Holocaust Knowledge – Number of Jews Killed**

More than half of all Canadians (54%) and nearly two-thirds of Millennials and Gen Z (62%) do not know that 6 million Jews were killed during the Holocaust – and approximately one-quarter think that 2 million Jews or fewer were killed.

Chart 2. Showing % of All Canadian Adults & Millennials and Gen Z who do not know that 6 million Jews were killed during the Holocaust

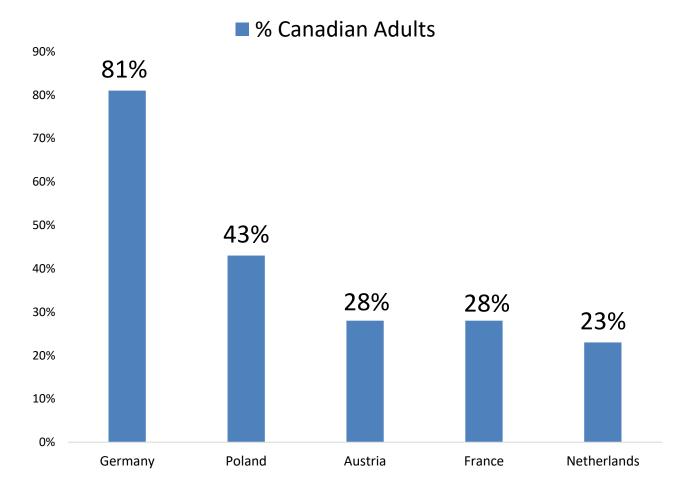
- % Do not know 6 million Jews killed in Holocaust
- % Who think that fewer than 6 million Jews died in the Holocaust



### **Detailed Holocaust Knowledge – Location of Holocaust**

- Most Canadian adults (81%) know that the Holocaust occurred in Germany,
   yet just 43% of all respondents identified Poland—where 90% of the Jewish
   population was killed—as a country where the Holocaust occurred.
- Only 28% of Canadians could identify Austria and France as countries in which the Holocaust took place. Even fewer (23%) could identify the Netherlands, a country the Canadian army largely helped liberate.

Chart 3. Showing % of all Canadian adults who know of countries where the Holocaust occurred

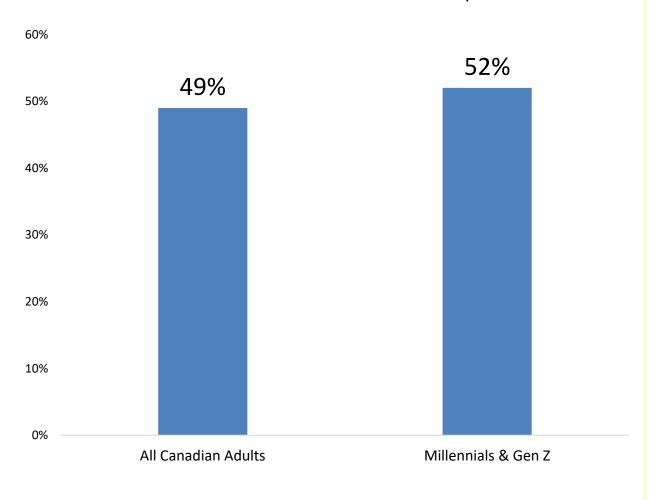


### **Detailed Holocaust Knowledge – Camps and Ghettos**

 Overall, <u>almost half</u> of all Canadian adults (49%) and 52% of Millennials and Gen Z <u>cannot name one</u> of the over 40,000 Nazi camps—such as Auschwitz and ghettos in Europe during the Holocaust.



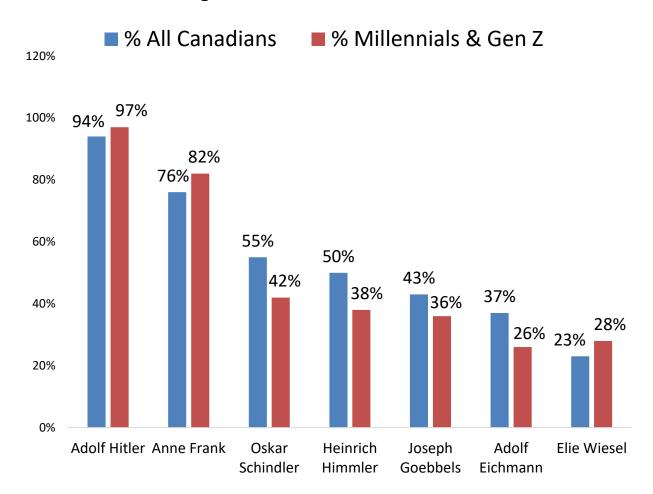
■ % Cannot Name a Concentration Camp or Ghetto



### **Detailed Holocaust Knowledge – Key Holocaust Figures**

And while there is broad familiarity with Holocaust figures like Hitler, Anne
Frank, and Oskar Schindler among all Canadians, Millennials, and Gen Z
alike, there is limited familiarity with key Nazi perpetrators like Himmler,
Goebbels, and Eichmann as well as with the survivor icon Elie Wiesel.

Chart 5. Familiarity with key Holocaust figures
Showing % of all Canadians & Millennials and Gen Z



## **Detailed Holocaust Knowledge – Canada's Immigration Policy**

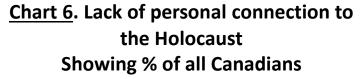
- There is a striking lack of awareness of Canada's virtually closed border/
   "None is too many" policy regarding Jewish refugees during the Holocaust.
- A full <u>one-third of Canadians believe Canada had an open immigration</u>
   <u>policy for any Jewish refugee</u>, while a plurality (37%) do not know what
   Canada's immigration policy was.

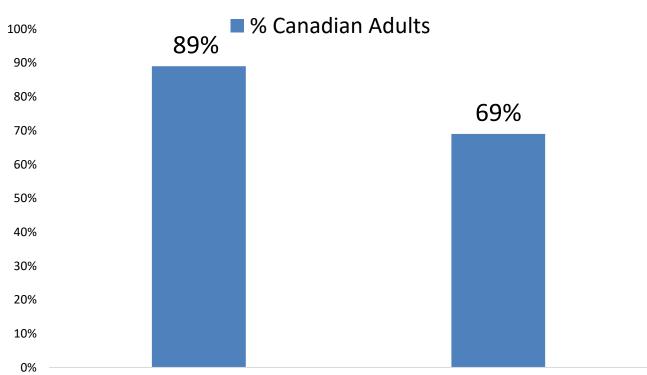
# Table 1. Perceptions of Canada's Immigration Policy during the Holocaust Showing % of all Canadian Adults

Statements	% Agree
Canada had an open immigration policy	32%
Canada only allowed in war orphans	12%
Canada had closed borders	19%
Not sure	37%

#### **Personal Connection to Holocaust**

- Moreover, findings show a substantial <u>lack of personal connections to the</u>
   Holocaust.
- Most Canadians (89%) have not visited a Holocaust museum and nearly 7-in-10 (69%) do not know or know of a Holocaust survivor.
- Just 28% of those who <u>have visited a Holocaust museum</u> visited one <u>in</u>
   Canada.





Have not visited a Holocaust museum Do not know or know of a Holocaust survivor

# **Holocaust Perceptions**

We found that nearly 6-in-10 Canadians (57%) say fewer people seem to
 care about the Holocaust as much as they used to.

Table 2. Holocaust Perceptions Showing % of all Canadian Adults	
Statement	% Agree
"Fewer people seem to care about the Holocaust as much as they used to"	<b>57</b> %

#### **Holocaust Education**

- Despite concerning gaps in awareness, there are encouraging findings in the Azrieli Foundation survey.
- In particular, there is a <u>desire for Holocaust education</u> among all Canadians, as well as among Millennials and Gen Z.
- A substantial majority of Canadian adults (82%) believe all students should
   learn about the Holocaust in school and 85% say it is important to keep
   teaching about the Holocaust so it does not happen again.

# Table 3. Holocaust Education Perceptions Showing % of all Canadian Adults & Millennials and Gen Z

Statement	% Canadian Adults	% Millennials & Gen Z
All students should learn about the Holocaust while at school	82%	82%
It is important to keep teaching about the Holocaust so it doesn't happen again	85%	79%

# **Holocaust Education Quality**

- In terms of education quality in Canada, there is <u>clear room for</u> <u>improvement</u> in the quality of Holocaust curriculum.
- A <u>plurality of all Canadians (43%)</u> and a <u>majority of Millennials and Gen Z</u>
   (55%) agree that <u>lessons about the Holocaust are mostly historically</u>
   accurate but could be better.

# Table 4. Perceptions of Holocaust Education Quality Showing % of all Canadian Adults & Millennials and Gen Z

Statements	% All Canadians	% Millennials & Gen Z
Lessons about the Holocaust are mostly historically accurate, <u>but</u> could be better	43%	55%

#### Neo-Nazism: Canada vs. US

- Canadians clearly <u>view their country in a more positive light than the United</u>
   <u>States when it comes to the prevalence of neo-Nazis</u>.
- By a 30-point margin, <u>Canadians are more likely to believe that there are a</u> great deal/many neo-Nazis in the US as opposed to in Canada.
- Millennials and Gen Z are slightly less likely to believe that there are a great deal/many neo-Nazis in Canada today.

# Table 5. Neo-Nazism in Canada vs. US Showing % of all Canadians & Millennials and Gen Z

Statement	% All Canadians	% Millennials & Gen Z
There are a great deal/ many neo- Nazis in Canada today	17%	15%
There are a great deal/many neo- Nazis in the US today	47%	45%

# Belief That The Holocaust Could Happen Again: Canada vs. Western Democracies

Meanwhile, while nearly half of Canadians think that something like the
Holocaust could happen in other Western democracies today, only <u>one-</u>
<u>quarter (27%) believe something like the Holocaust could happen in</u>

 Canada.

Table 6. Belief that the Holocaust Could Happen Again Showing % of all Canadian Adults	
Statement	% Canadian Adults
Something like the Holocaust could happen in Canada today	27%
Something like the Holocaust could happen in other Western democracies today	48%

Among all Canadian adults, the percentage that believe <u>people should be</u>
 allowed to use Nazi slogans or symbols in Canada today is 8%; and 9%
 think that it is <u>acceptable to hold neo-Nazi views</u>.

Table 7. Perceptions of neo-Nazism Showing % of all Canadian Adults	
People should be allowed to use Nazi slogans or symbols	8%
It is acceptable for an individual to hold neo- Nazi views	9%

### **Perceptions of Antisemitism in Canada Today**

- Concerning trends exist when it comes to antisemitism in Canada today.
- A majority (57%) of Canadians believe there is antisemitism in Canada today –
  although Millennials and Gen Z have a slightly different view when it comes to
  antisemitism in Canada.

Table 8. Antisemitism in Canada Today
Showing % of all Canadian adults & Millennials and Gen Z

Statement	% All Canadians	% Millennials & Gen Z
There is antisemitism in Canada today	57%	45%

 And the less Canadians know about the Holocaust, the more likely they are to tolerate neo-Nazism – <u>underscoring the importance of Holocaust education</u>.

Chart 7. Tolerance of Neo-Nazi Views
By Level of Holocaust Awareness



